

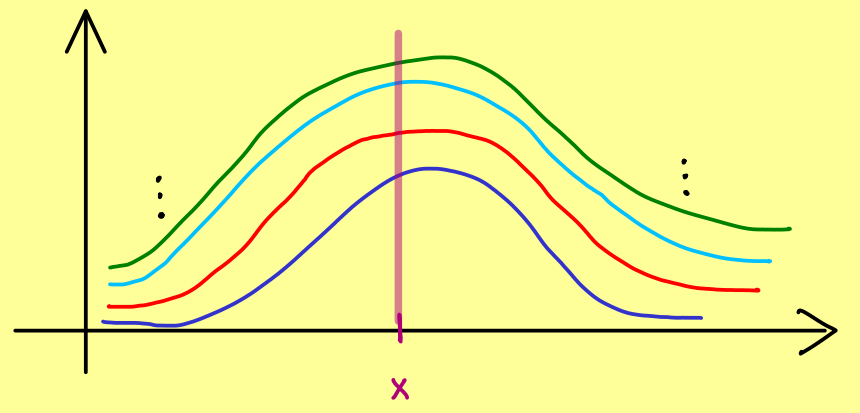


The Bright Side of Mathematics

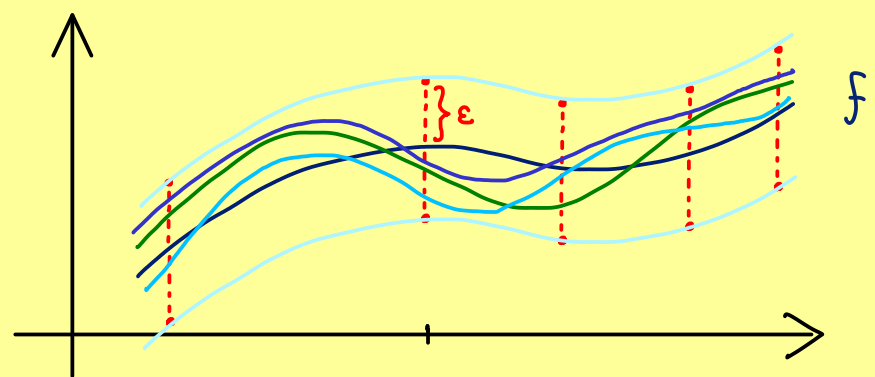
Real Analysis - Part 31

$(f_1, f_2, f_3, f_4, f_5, \dots)$

pointwise convergence:



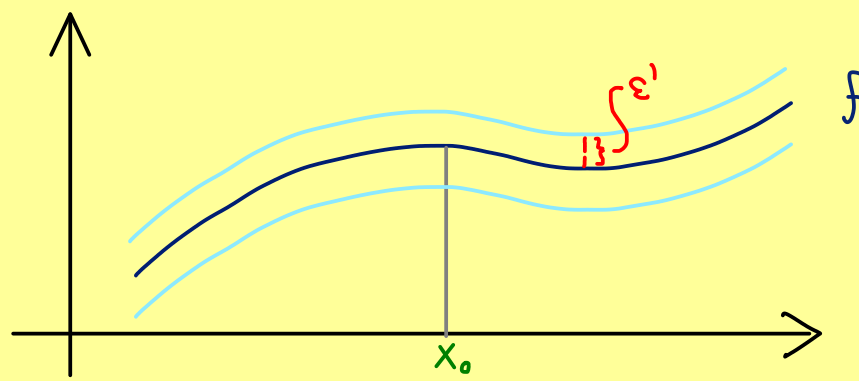
uniform convergence:



Theorem:  $I \subseteq \mathbb{R}$ ,  $f_n: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$  continuous (for all  $n \in \mathbb{N}$ ), and  $(f_n)_{n \in \mathbb{N}}$  uniformly converges to  $f: I \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ .

Then:  $f$  is also continuous.

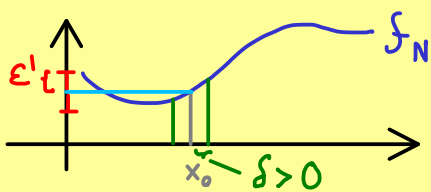
Proof: Let  $\epsilon > 0$ . Let  $x_0 \in I$ . Set:  $\epsilon' := \frac{\epsilon}{3}$  (see end of the proof)



Uniform convergence:  $\forall \epsilon' > 0 \exists N \in \mathbb{N} \forall n \geq N \forall \tilde{x} \in I : |f_n(\tilde{x}) - f(\tilde{x})| < \epsilon'$

Continuity of  $f_N$ :

We find  $\delta > 0$  with:



$\forall x \in I : |x - x_0| < \delta \implies |f_N(x) - f_N(x_0)| < \epsilon'$

Hence:

$$\begin{aligned}
 |f(x) - f(x_0)| &= |f(x) - f_N(x) + f_N(x) - f_N(x_0) + f_N(x_0) - f(x_0)| \\
 &\leq \underbrace{|f(x) - f_N(x)|}_{< \epsilon'} + \underbrace{|f_N(x) - f_N(x_0)|}_{< \epsilon'} + \underbrace{|f_N(x_0) - f(x_0)|}_{< \epsilon'} \\
 &< 3 \cdot \epsilon' = \epsilon
 \end{aligned}$$

Conclusion: We find  $\delta > 0$  with:  $\forall x \in I : |x - x_0| < \delta \implies |f(x) - f(x_0)| < \epsilon$   
 $\implies f$  is continuous at  $x_0$   $\xrightarrow{x_0 \text{ arbitrary}}$   $\implies f$  is continuous □