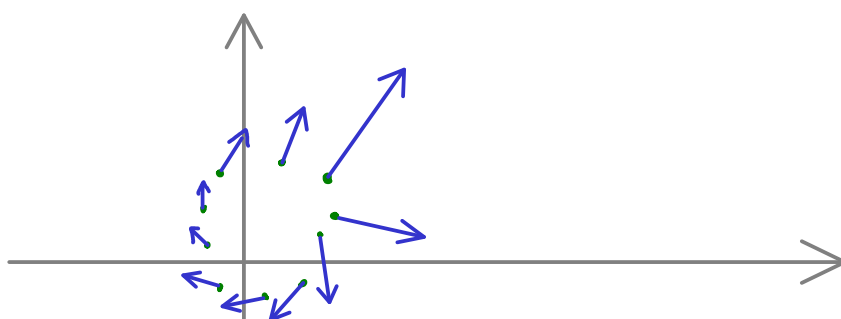


Multivariable Calculus - Part 14

Vector field: $v: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ continuously differentiable

$$v: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2$$



Question: Is there a function $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ with $\text{grad} f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$ satisfying $v(x) = \text{grad} f(x)$ for all $x \in \mathbb{R}^n$. ($f \in C^2(\mathbb{R}^n)$)

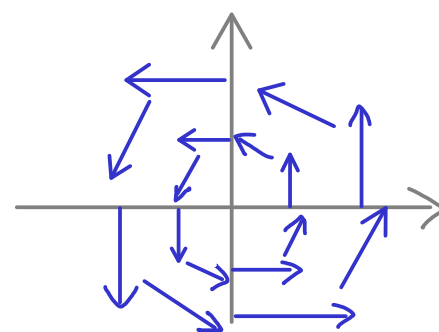
potential function for v

Necessary condition:

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} v_i(x) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} (\text{grad} f(x))_i = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} f(x) \right) \\ &\parallel \\ \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} v_j(x) &= \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} (\text{grad} f(x))_j = \frac{\partial}{\partial x_i} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} f(x) \right) \end{aligned} \quad \parallel \text{ Schwarz's theorem}$$

Example:

$$v: \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2, \quad \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{pmatrix} \mapsto \begin{pmatrix} -x_2 \\ x_1 \end{pmatrix}$$



$$\frac{\partial v_1}{\partial x_2} = -1$$

$$\frac{\partial v_2}{\partial x_1} = 1$$

\Rightarrow there is no potential function f