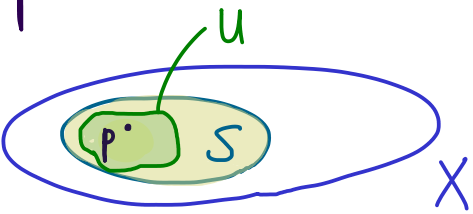
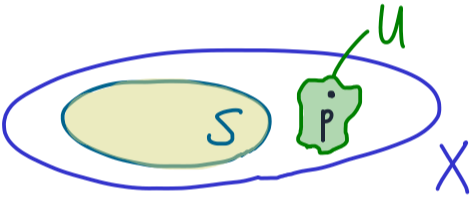
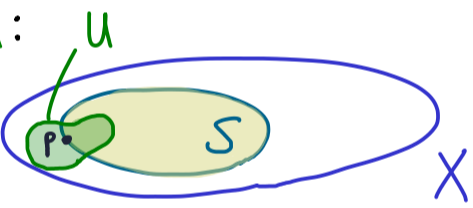
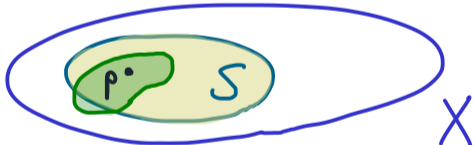


Manifolds - Part 2

- $\mathcal{T} \subseteq \mathcal{P}(X)$ topology on X :
- (1) $\emptyset, X \in \mathcal{T}$
 - (2) $A, B \in \mathcal{T} \Rightarrow A \cap B \in \mathcal{T}$
 - (3) $(A_i)_{i \in I}$ with $A_i \in \mathcal{T} \Rightarrow \bigcup_{i \in I} A_i \in \mathcal{T}$

(X, \mathcal{T}) is called a topological space.

Important names: (X, \mathcal{T}) topological space, $S \subseteq X$, $p \in X$

- (a) p interior point of S $:\Leftrightarrow$ There is an open set $U \in \mathcal{T}$:
 $p \in U$ and $U \subseteq S$ 
- (b) p exterior point of S $:\Leftrightarrow$ There is an open set $U \in \mathcal{T}$:
 $p \in U$ and $U \subseteq X \setminus S$ 
- (c) p boundary point of S $:\Leftrightarrow$ For all open sets $U \in \mathcal{T}$ with $p \in U$:
 $U \cap S \neq \emptyset$ and $U \cap (X \setminus S) \neq \emptyset$ 
- (d) p accumulation point of S $:\Leftrightarrow$ For all open sets $U \in \mathcal{T}$ with $p \in U$:
 $U \setminus \{p\} \cap S \neq \emptyset$ 

- More names:
- (a) $S^\circ := \{p \in X \mid p \text{ interior point of } S\}$ interior of S
 - (b) $\text{Ext}(S) := \{p \in X \mid p \text{ exterior point of } S\}$ exterior of S
 - (c) $\partial S := \{p \in X \mid p \text{ boundary point of } S\}$ boundary of S
 - (d) $S' := \{p \in X \mid p \text{ accumulation point of } S\}$ derived set of S
 - (e) $\bar{S} := S \cup \partial S$ closure of S

Example: $X = \mathbb{R}$, $\mathcal{T} = \{\emptyset, \mathbb{R}\} \cup \{(a, \infty) \mid a \in \mathbb{R}\}$

$S = (0, 1)$ ← not an open set!

← no interior points: there is no $\emptyset \neq U \in \mathcal{T}$ with $U \subseteq S$

$$\Rightarrow S^\circ = \emptyset$$

$$X \setminus S = (-\infty, 0] \cup [1, \infty) \Rightarrow \text{Ext}(S) = (1, \infty)$$

$$\Rightarrow \partial S = (-\infty, 1] \Rightarrow \bar{S} = (-\infty, 1]$$