



## Linear Algebra - Part 39

Goal: Gaussian elimination (named after Carl Friedrich Gauß)

solve  $Ax = b$

↳ use row operations to bring  $(A|b)$  into upper triangular form

$$\left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 3 & 1 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right) \rightarrow \text{backwards substitution:}$$

third row:  $3x_3 = 1 \Rightarrow x_3 = \frac{1}{3}$

second row:  $2x_2 + x_3 = 1 \Rightarrow x_2 = \frac{1}{3}$

first row:  $1x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 = 1 \Rightarrow x_1 = -\frac{2}{3}$

↳ or use row operations to bring  $(A|b)$  into row echelon form

↳ construct solution set

Example: system of linear equations:

$$\begin{aligned} 2x_1 + 3x_2 - 1x_3 &= 4 \\ 2x_1 - 1x_2 + 7x_3 &= 0 \\ 6x_1 + 13x_2 - 4x_3 &= 9 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 2 & -1 & 7 & 0 \\ 6 & 13 & -4 & 9 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} -1 \cdot \text{I} \\ -3 \cdot \text{I} \end{array} \rightsquigarrow \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & -4 & 8 & -4 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 & -3 \end{array} \right) +1 \cdot \text{II}$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 2 & 3 & -1 & 4 \\ 0 & -4 & 8 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 7 & -7 \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \text{backwards} \\ \text{substitution} \end{array} \rightarrow \begin{array}{l} x_3 = -1 \\ x_2 = -1 \\ x_1 = 3 \end{array}$$

set of solutions:  $S = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \right\}$

Gaussian elimination:

$$\left( \begin{array}{cccc|c} a_{11} & a_{12} & \dots & a_{1n} & b_1 \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & \dots & a_{2n} & b_2 \\ \vdots & \vdots & & \vdots & \vdots \\ a_{m1} & a_{m2} & \dots & a_{mn} & b_m \end{array} \right) = \left( \begin{array}{c} -\alpha_1^T \\ -\alpha_2^T \\ \vdots \\ -\alpha_m^T \end{array} \right)$$

$$\rightsquigarrow \left( \begin{array}{c} \alpha_1^T \\ \alpha_2^T - \frac{a_{21}}{a_{11}} \alpha_1^T \\ \vdots \\ \alpha_m^T - \frac{a_{m1}}{a_{11}} \alpha_1^T \end{array} \right) \begin{array}{l} \text{continue iteratively} \\ \dots \end{array} \rightarrow \text{row echelon form}$$