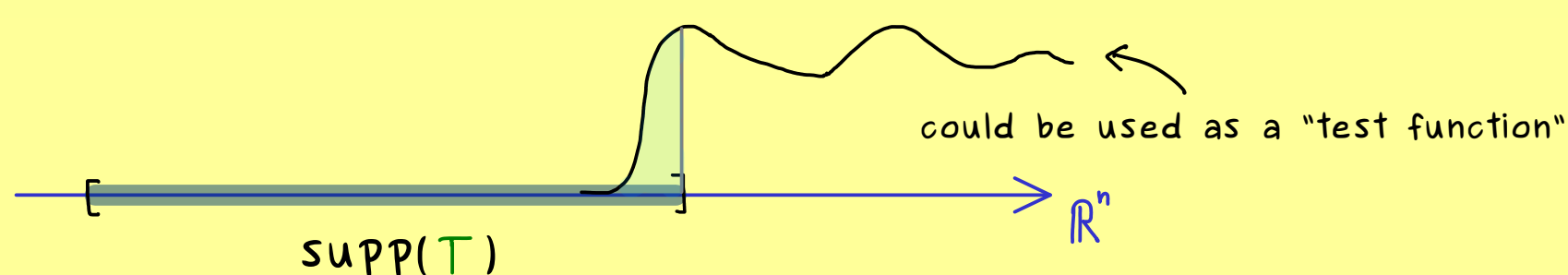




Distributions - Part 16

$$T \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightsquigarrow \text{supp}(T) \subseteq \mathbb{R}^n \text{ closed set}$$

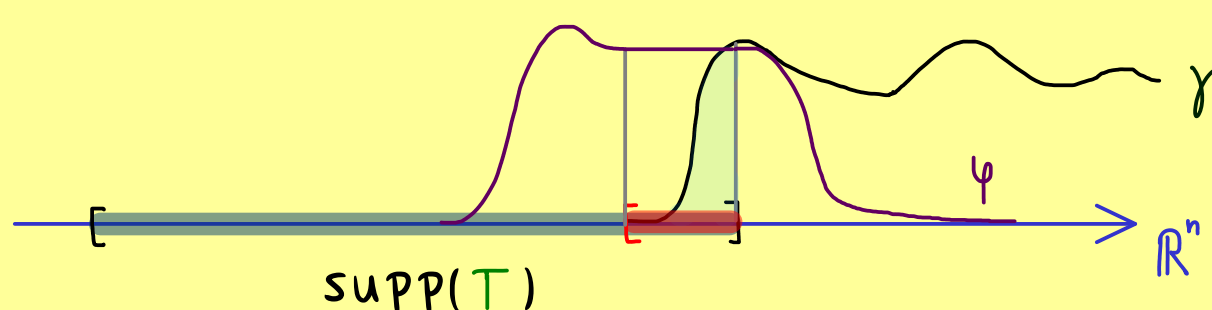


Definition: For $T \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$, we define: $\mathcal{E}_T := \{ \gamma \in C^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n) \mid \text{supp}(T) \cap \text{supp}(\gamma) \text{ is compact in } \mathbb{R}^n \}$

Extension for T to \mathcal{E}_T :

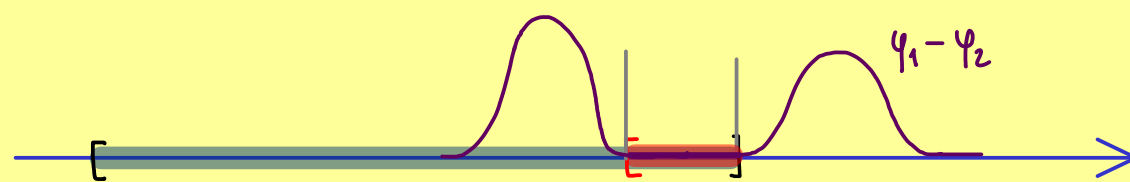
$$T(\gamma) = \langle T, \gamma \rangle := \langle T, \varphi \cdot \gamma \rangle \text{ for } \varphi \in \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^n) \text{ with}$$

$$\varphi(x) = 1, \text{ for all } x \text{ in an open set that contains: } \text{supp}(T) \cap \text{supp}(\gamma)$$



$$\text{supp}(\varphi \cdot \gamma) = \text{supp}(\varphi) \cap \text{supp}(\gamma)$$

Is it well-defined? $\varphi_1, \varphi_2 \in \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^n)$, $\varphi_1(x) = \varphi_2(x) = 1$, for all x in an open set that contains: $\text{supp}(T) \cap \text{supp}(\gamma)$



$$\langle T, \varphi_1 \gamma \rangle - \langle T, \varphi_2 \gamma \rangle = \langle T, (\varphi_1 - \varphi_2) \gamma \rangle = 0$$

Properties: $T: \mathcal{E}_T \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$ (or \mathbb{C}) satisfies:

(1) It's a linear functional on \mathcal{E}_T .

(2) Distributional derivatives: $\langle \mathcal{D}^\alpha T, \gamma \rangle = (-1)^{|\alpha|} \langle T, \mathcal{D}^\alpha \gamma \rangle$

Common notation: For a distribution T where $\text{supp}(T)$ is compact in \mathbb{R}^n :

$$T \in \mathcal{E}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$$