



Distributions - Part 17

Convolution from part 13: $\ast : \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^n) \times \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n) \longrightarrow \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$$\text{defined by: } \langle \gamma \ast T, \varphi \rangle = \langle T, \check{\gamma} \ast \varphi \rangle$$

$$\text{where } \check{\gamma}(x) := \gamma(-x)$$

Convolution (extended):

$$\ast : \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n) \times \mathcal{E}'(\mathbb{R}^n) \longrightarrow \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

Definition: For $S \in \mathcal{E}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$, we define a new distribution:

Easy to show:

$$\langle \check{S}, \varphi \rangle = \langle S, \check{\varphi} \rangle \quad \left(\langle T_{\check{f}}, \varphi \rangle = \langle T_f, \check{\varphi} \rangle \right)$$

We get: $\check{S} \in \mathcal{E}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$.

Proposition: For $\gamma \in \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^n)$, $S \in \mathcal{E}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$, we get:

$\gamma \ast \check{S}$ is a regular distribution

and $\gamma \ast \check{S} \in C^\infty(\mathbb{R}^n)$

and $\gamma \ast \check{S} \in \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^n)$ ($\text{supp}(\gamma \ast \check{S})$ compact)

Definition: The convolution $\ast : \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n) \times \mathcal{E}'(\mathbb{R}^n) \longrightarrow \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$$\text{is given by } \langle T \ast S, \varphi \rangle := \langle T, \varphi \ast \check{S} \rangle$$

Compatible to old definition: Choose regular distribution $T = T_\gamma$ with $\gamma \in \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle T_\gamma \ast S, \varphi \rangle &= \langle T_\gamma, \overbrace{\varphi \ast \check{S}}^{= T_g} \rangle = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \overbrace{\gamma(x)}^{\check{\varphi}(x)} g(x) dx \\ &= \langle \varphi \ast \check{S}, \gamma \rangle = \langle \check{S}, \check{\varphi} \ast \gamma \rangle \\ &= \langle S, (\check{\varphi} \ast \gamma)^\vee \rangle = \langle S, \check{\gamma} \ast \varphi \rangle \quad \checkmark \end{aligned}$$

Important property:

$$T \ast \delta = T \quad \text{for all } T \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$$

$$\delta \ast S = S \quad \text{for all } S \in \mathcal{E}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$$