



## Distributions - Part 13

convolution  $*$  for integrable functions  $f: \mathbb{R}^n \rightarrow \mathbb{R}, \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} |f(x)| dx < \infty$   $\|f\|_1$

$f \in \mathcal{L}^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$(f \in \mathcal{L}^1(\mathbb{R}^n) \text{ for equivalence classes})$

for  $f, g$  define:

$$(f * g)(x) = \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(x-y) g(y) dy \quad \text{exists almost everywhere for } x \in \mathbb{R}^n$$

One has:  $\|f * g\|_1 \leq \|f\|_1 \cdot \|g\|_1 \rightsquigarrow L^1(\mathbb{R}^n)$  with  $+$  and  $*$  is an algebra over  $\mathbb{R}$

Generalizations:  $f \in \mathcal{L}_{loc}^1(\mathbb{R}^n), \varphi, \gamma \in \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^n)$

$$\begin{aligned} \langle \gamma * f, \varphi \rangle &= \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} (\gamma * f)(x) \varphi(x) dx \\ &= \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \left( \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \gamma(x-y) f(y) dy \right) \varphi(x) dx \\ &\stackrel{\text{Fubini}}{=} \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(y) \left( \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} \underbrace{\gamma(x-y)}_{\check{\gamma}(y-x)} \varphi(x) dx \right) dy \\ &= \int_{\mathbb{R}^n} f(y) (\check{\gamma} * \varphi)(y) dy = \langle f, \check{\gamma} * \varphi \rangle \end{aligned}$$

For regular distributions:  $\langle T_{\gamma * f}, \varphi \rangle = \langle T_f, \check{\gamma} * \varphi \rangle$

Definition: For  $T \in \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n), \gamma \in \mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^n)$  define a distribution:

$$\langle \gamma * T, \varphi \rangle := \langle T, \check{\gamma} * \varphi \rangle$$

convolution:  $*$  :  $\mathcal{D}(\mathbb{R}^n) \times \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n) \rightarrow \mathcal{D}'(\mathbb{R}^n)$  bilinear map