

Abstract Linear Algebra - Part 10

Always:
$$\mathbb{F} \in \{\mathbb{R}, \mathbb{C}\}$$
 $\overline{\alpha} := \{ \alpha, \mathbb{F} = \mathbb{R} \}$ for $\alpha \in \mathbb{F}$ $A^* := \{ A^T, \mathbb{F} = \mathbb{R} \}$ $A^* := \{ A^*, \mathbb{F} = \mathbb{C} \}$

Definition:
$$\langle \cdot, \cdot \rangle : \bigvee \times \bigvee \longrightarrow F$$

is called an inner product on the F-vector space V if:

(1)
$$\langle x, x \rangle \geq 0$$
 for all $x \in V$ (positive definite)
and $\langle x, x \rangle = 0 \implies x = 0$ (zero vector)

(2)
$$\langle \gamma, \chi + \tilde{\chi} \rangle = \langle \gamma, \chi \rangle + \langle \gamma, \tilde{\chi} \rangle$$
 for all $\chi, \tilde{\chi}, \gamma \in V$
 $\langle \gamma, \lambda \cdot \chi \rangle = \lambda \cdot \langle \gamma, \chi \rangle$ for all $\lambda \in \mathbb{F}, \chi, \tilde{\chi}, \gamma \in V$

(linear in the second argument)

(3)
$$\langle x, y \rangle = \overline{\langle y, x \rangle}$$
 for all $x, y \in V$ (conjugate symmetric)

Example: (a) For $u, v \in \mathbb{F}^n$, define:

$$\langle u, v \rangle_{\text{standard}} := \overline{U}_1 \cdot V_1 + \overline{U}_2 \cdot V_2 + \cdots + \overline{U}_n \cdot V_n = U^* V$$

(b) For $u, v \in \mathbb{F}^2$, define:

$$\langle u, v \rangle = \overline{U_1} \cdot V_2 + \overline{U_2} \cdot V_1 \longrightarrow (2) \text{ and (3) satisfied}$$

$$\langle \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} \rangle = -1 - 1 = -2 < 0 \longrightarrow (1) \text{ not satisfied}$$

$$\underbrace{not \text{ an inner product:}}$$

 $\mathcal{P}([0,1], \mathbb{F}) \quad \text{polynomial space}, \quad p(x) = i \times \text{ is in} \quad \mathcal{P}([0,1], \mathbb{F})$

Define:
$$\langle f, g \rangle = \int_{0}^{1} \overline{f(x)} g(x) dx$$

Example:
$$\langle p, p \rangle = \int_{0}^{1} \frac{1}{i \times i} \cdot i \times dx = \int_{0}^{1} x^{2} dx = \frac{1}{3} x^{3} \Big|_{0}^{1} = \frac{1}{3}$$

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^{n} \overline{u}_{i} v_{i} \longrightarrow \int_{0}^{1} \overline{f}_{i} g \right)$$